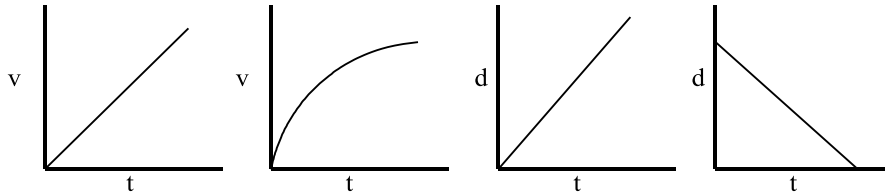


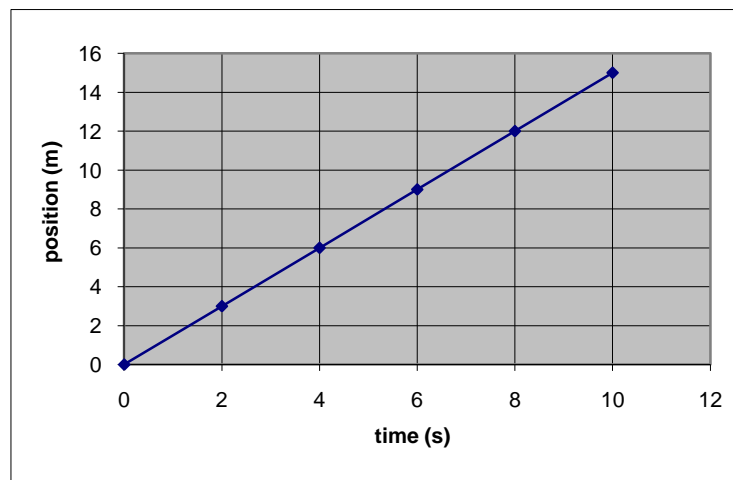
1.2.2 In Class or Homework Exercise

1. Describe the motion (velocity and direction) in each of the following graphs:



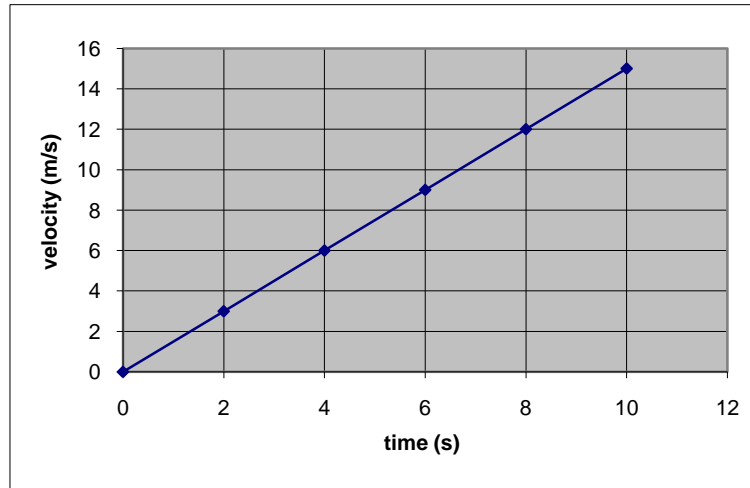
- Speeding up at a constant rate (since the graph is increasing constantly) and going forward (since the velocity is positive)
- Speeding up (since the graph is still increasing, but not at a constant rate) and going forward (since the velocity is positive)
- Constant speed (since the graph is linear) and going forward (since the position is increasing)
- Constant speed (since the graph is linear) and going backward (since the position is decreasing)

2. Calculate the speed of the object in the graph below.



$$\begin{aligned}v &= \frac{\Delta d}{t} \\ &= \frac{15.0 - 0}{10.0 - 0} \\ &= \boxed{1.5 \text{ m/s}}\end{aligned}$$

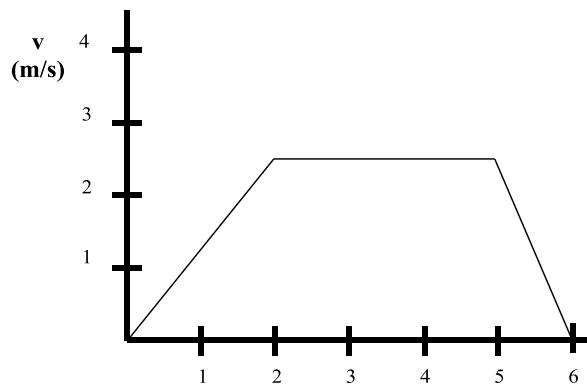
3. Calculate the displacement of the object in the graph below.



Since the area represents the displacement,

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta \vec{d} &= \frac{1}{2}bh \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(10.0)(15.0) \\ &= \boxed{75.0m}\end{aligned}$$

4. Answer the following questions based on the velocity-time graph below:



- What is the speed of the object at 3.0s?
2.5 m/s
- When is the object speeding up?
Between 0 and 2.0 s
- When is the object slowing down?
Between 5.0 and 6.0 s
- What is the displacement of the object between 0 and 5.0s?

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta \vec{d}_t &= \Delta \vec{d}_1 + \Delta \vec{d}_2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(2.0)(2.5) + (3.0)(2.5) \\ &= 2.5 + 7.5 \\ &= \boxed{10.0\text{m}}\end{aligned}$$

e. What is the average speed for the first 5.0 s?

$$\begin{aligned}v &= \frac{\Delta d}{t} \\ &= \frac{10.0}{5.0} \\ &= \boxed{2.0\text{m/s}}\end{aligned}$$