1.1 In Class or Homework Exercise

1. A person starts at a position of 5.0 km east of his house. After running for a period of time, he undergoes a displacement of 2.3 km east. What is his new position?

$\vec{d}_i = 5.0 km$	$\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{d}_f - \vec{d}_i$
$\Delta \vec{d} = 2.3 km$	$2.3 = \vec{d}_f - 5.0$
$\vec{d}_f = ?$	$\vec{d}_f = 7.3 \ km$
EPERATE STREET	1. 7.01

His new position is 7.3 km east of his house.

2. A person is driving a car along a straight highway. The car's position at 9:00 am is 13 km to the east of his home. The car's position at 10:30 am is 137 km to the east of his home. What is the displacement of the car?

$$\Delta d = d_f - d_i$$

= 137 - 13
= 124km
The positive answer indicates that the displacement is 124 km east.

3. A delivery person drives 83 km north to pick up a package, and then 34 km south to deliver the package.

a. What was the delivery person's distance travelled?

 $\Delta d_t = \Delta d_1 + \Delta d_2$ = 83 + 34= 117 km

b. What was the delivery person's displacement?

 $\Delta \vec{d}_t = \Delta \vec{d}_1 + \Delta \vec{d}_2$ = 83 + (-34) = 49km $\Delta \vec{d}_t = 49km north$

4. Answer the following questions based on the position-time graph shown below:



- a. What is the position of the object at 1.0 s? $\vec{d} = +2.5 \text{ m from the origin}$ (note that the positive sign indicates the direction)
- b. What is the position of the object at 4.0 s? The object is at the origin at 4.0 s ($\vec{d} = 0.0m$)
- c. What is the displacement of the object between 0 and 4.0 s?

$\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{d}_f - \vec{d}_i$		$\Delta \vec{d}_t = \Delta \vec{d}_1 + \Delta \vec{d}_2$
= 0 - 1.0	or	= 3.0 + (-4.0)
= -1.0m		= -1.0m

d. What is the distance that the object has travelled between 0 and 4.0 s? $\Delta d_t = \Delta d_1 + \Delta d_2$

$$= 3.0 + 4.0$$

 $= \overline{7.0 m}$